

THE TRIBUNE.

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The public is gradually learning what the department of commerce and labor is for. Secretary Cortelyou is investigating the Slocum disaster.

The republicans have had their in-coming at Chicago and have named their ticket. In a couple of weeks we shall know who the democratic standard bearers are to be, and then the rooting can begin.

In awarding \$1,000,000 to a purveyor of important information, an eastern court gives a slight idea of the actual value of the daily newspaper, which gets only a cent for several million dollars' worth of news.

"Well," said the tall, gaunt woman with somewhat acidulous features, "I'd rather drown than be rescued by such a thing as that," as she watched the breeches buoy on its trip with a passenger at the World's fair life-saving exhibit.

War students in all parts of the world are beginning to lose confidence in the carrier pigeons employed in the vicinity of Port Arthur. Most of the birds that fly in the direction of the czar's palace can prevaricate like a parrot.

It begins to look as though some of the government inspectors in New York, who are in the habit of performing their duties in a perfunctory manner, will lose their scalps as the result of steamboat Slocum disaster in Long Island sound.

They had a dance in the House of Hoo Moo at the World's fair in St. Louis, the other night, and had such a hot time that the building took fire after the guests had all departed and was destroyed. The thirty black cat muskets are missing.

It is said there is quite a demand for the trousers worn by the Igorrotes at the Philippine reservation of the World's fair, to be carried away as souvenirs. As a pair can be easily hidden in one's vest pocket they are not fit to carry around.

A *Wichita* manufacturing concern in Ohio will close two weeks in August in order to give its employees, who are said to number 4,000, in opportunity to visit the St. Louis World's fair. The president of the concern studied the exposition, pronounced its educational advantages limitless and decided that his company would profit by inducing the employees to do likewise.

A St. Petersburg paper professes to be unable to understand the necessity for our continued naval expansion, and suggests something about future aggression in order to secure markets for our manufactured products. We'll get the markets, all right, without any aggression, and our expanded navy is a good insurance policy against any European combination antagonistic to our interests.

There is a fanatical sect forming in this country that doesn't like our constitution because God is not given recognition in the instrument. Those people should understand that the constitution of the United States is a political document designed for the government of a nation composed of peoples of all shades of religious belief and many of no religious belief at all, a government, in fact, in which religion has no voice, as such, and wherein church and state are not even neighbors-in-law.

All that Japan aims at in the present war, according to Baron Kodama, chief of the Japanese army headquarters staff, is to preserve the open door in Manchuria, which Russia, of course, would close after she got a firm hold of that province. Japan has already freed Korea from all Russian menaces, and now aims to turn Russia out of Manchuria, so as to let its rightful owner, China, place all nations on an equality in its commerce. This is just what the United States has been asking all the time. It is what Russia promised to the United States, but failed to perform.

The test of war has shown that the Japanese army is one of the most admirable fighting machines of modern times. Its organization has lent itself to all the exigencies of active service; its officers seem to be the men best fitted for the tasks imposed on them, and the enlisted men are well disciplined, admirably trained and equipped with every modern fighting appliance, including the finest of small arms and artillery. The entire equipment of the Japanese army is of Japanese manufacture, even the small caliber high-powered rifle is of native make, and the artillery, which has proven so efficient, is also of Japanese design and manufacture.

CZAR'S WARSHIPS REFUSED TO FIGHT

After Togo Had Lured Them Out to Open Sea.

ONE BATTLESHIP WAS SUNK

And Another Badly Damaged in Repeated Attacks By the Japanese.

London, June 27.—The Central News has received the following dispatch from its Tokyo correspondent, dated June 26, evening:

"A detailed account of the naval battle at Port Arthur has just been published here.

"The Russian battleship *Peresviet*, *Portava* and *Sevastopol* and the cruisers *Hayan*, *Asikold* and *Novik* attempted to emerge from the harbor at dawn on June 23, led by steamers used for clearing the mines. At 11 a. m. the battleships *Czarevitch*, *Retvizan* and *Pobieda* joined the others.

"All the ships then advanced, endeavoring to dispose of the mines laid by the Japanese, but they were hindered by two Japanese torpedo boat destroyers which had been guarding the mouth of the harbor.

"Subsequently the Japanese decoyed the Russians out to sea, and awaited an opportunity to begin a general action, but between 8 and 9 p. m. the Russian ships made for the harbor. The Japanese torpedo boat destroyers and torpedo boats chased the Russians, and at 9:30 delivered the first attack, in consequence of which the enemy was thrown into disorder.

"During the night eight separate attacks were delivered, lasting until dawn Friday.

"In one of these assaults the *Chirata* twice torpedoed a battleship of the *Peresviet* type and sank her. A battleship of the *Sevastopol* type and a cruiser of the *Diana* type were disabled and towed away.

"The Russian vessels re-entered the harbor during Friday.

"The newspapers published eulogistic articles upon Vice-Admiral Togo's prompt action.

RUSSIAN PLANS ARE UPSET.

Gen. Kuraki's Vigilance Causing Them to Lose Heart and Interest.

New Chwang, June 24.—(Via Messenger to Koupantze)—The Russians seem unable to reform their plans, which have been upset by Gen. Kuraki, and are losing interest and heart in the struggle. The local censor is not passing any communications. The secret police are extra diligent, and it is extremely hazardous to attempt to send out uncensored dispatches.

New Chwang is filled with rumors of more fighting to the southward. The reports come from native sources. A few Russian officers, who talk guardedly, say the rumors are untrue, but that Gen. Kuropatkin intends to make a determined stand at Kai-Chou, where many mines have been laid and trenches constructed.

The field telegraph between Kai-Chou and New Chwang, which was finished Wednesday, has been cut in three places and five miles of the wire carried away. It is supposed to have been the work of Chinese in the pay of the Japanese.

This is regarded as evidence that the Russians can not hope for the friendship of the Manchurians.

Large bands of robbers are giving the Russian outposts much trouble northeast of New Chwang. The Japanese it is said, have supplied the robbers with 1,000 modern rifles and much ammunition.

Foreign military attaches who witnessed the fighting at Fens-Wang-Cheng declare that the Japanese artillery is superb, and that the Japanese army is equal to the best of European troops.

There are 800 wounded at the Russian camp three miles east of New Chwang. A few surgeons and members of the Red Cross have arrived. Many more are needed. The local physicians are offering assistance but the Russians decline to receive their aid.

Viceroy Alexieff has issued a proclamation to the effect that all traffic on the Liao river south of Mukden must stop, and that foodstuffs must be delivered to the Russians. According to native reports, the Russians are losing thousands of horses from glanders.

Damage to Togo's Fleet.

Che-Poo, June 27.—A Chinese who has arrived here from the vicinity of Port Arthur in a junk, reports that at daylight last Friday morning he saw two large Japanese ships and three torpedo boats withdrawing from the fleet off Port Arthur. The vessels were all damaged.

Japanese Casualties.

Tokio, June 27.—The Japanese casualties in the battle of Teribau (Vafan-gow) June 15, were seven officers and 210 crew killed and 902 men wounded.

AMERICAN ART NOW ON VIEW

The American Art Section at the World's Fair Now Open.

Much Interest Among Visitors to Draw Comparisons With the Foreign Displays.

St. Louis, June 26.—The American art section in the Art palace at the World's fair is now open and is visited daily by hundreds of people who are anxious to see the work of the American artists, and draw comparisons with the foreign displays, which have been on exhibition since the opening of the exposition. In some of the galleries the work of installing the exhibits is still in progress, notably those containing the loan collections from the art institute of Chicago, and from the private galleries of George and Helen Gould. No visitors are admitted to these sections. The Gould collection contains very valuable paintings, and a feature of the Chicago Art institute display is a collection of fine bronzes by Edward Kemeys.

The portrait of the Dowager Empress An, which stands near the east wall of gallery No. 18, in the United States section of the central structure of the Art palace, attracts a great deal of attention. It is mounted on a massive pedestal of teak wood, made in China, and handsomely carved in Chinese characters. The frame is also of teak wood, and on the upper arch are Chinese designs signifying long life. The picture of the empress in life size and portrays her sitting on the imperial throne, arrayed in her royal robes. The painting was made by Miss Kate Carl, an American artist, and is the first painting ever made of a member of the Chinese royal household. Miss Carl is a sister of E. A. Carl, assistant commissioner from China to the World's fair. This gallery is open to the public.

LUETGERT PLANT BURNS.

Factory in Which the Famous Murderer Was Confinement Is Totally Destroyed.

Chicago, June 27.—The old Luetgert sausage factory, the fame of which spread over the greatest part of the world seven years ago as the scene of one of the most revolting crimes of the century, was destroyed by fire Sunday. The blaze started from causes unknown, and the acquaintances of Adolph Luetgert, the convicted murderer, who died in the penitentiary, connected the destruction of the building with the disappearance of Mrs. Luetgert, May 1, 1897.

The fire started, according to the investigation of Chief Muscham, at or about the exact spot on which stood the "middle vat, prominent in which Luetgert placed the dead body of his wife, together with a caustic potash solution. With the destruction of the building the postscript to the last chapter of the Luetgert case is written.

ACCEPT THEIR SENTENCES

Lehmann and Hartmann, the St. Louis Bandits, Make No Move For a Pardon.

Jefferson City, Mo., June 26.—Julius Lehmann and Emil Hartmann have evidently decided to accept the sentences of the supreme court and make no further fight. Friday was the last day for their attorneys to file a motion for a rehearing of their cases, and no such motion was filed in the supreme court. No appeal can now be taken, and the impression is that they will abide by the sentence of the court.

JUST A LITTLE MALARIA.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon Says He Has "Just a Little Touch of Malaria Contracted at Springfield."

Chicago, June 26.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Danville, Ill., says: "Just a little touch of malaria contracted at Springfield during the state convention," declared Speaker Joseph G. Cannon when asked regarding his health. "Yes, I expect to take a sea voyage about July 9 with my daughter for the benefit of my health. We shall not remain on the other side long, but will return perhaps on the same ship."

HELEN KELLER BREAKS DOWN

The Gifted Deaf, Dumb and Blind Students On the Verge of Nervous Prostration.

Boston, June 26.—Miss Helen Keller, the gifted deaf and dumb and blind student at Radcliffe college, has broken down and is reported to be on the verge of nervous prostration. She began to fail two months ago, and was ordered by her physician to abstain from college work. It is believed she will get a degree with the class of 1904 in spite of her inability to fill all the requirements.

MISSOURI STATE NEWS.

Partners in Crime Paroled.

Carey Snyder, son of R. M. Snyder, the promoter and former banker, pleaded guilty in the Kansas City criminal court of holding up and robbing a pawnbroker. He was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary, but was paroled. There were three other cases of highway robbery against Snyder, and they were continued generally, with costs taxed against the state, which is the same as a dismissal. Charles Farrow, who was with Snyder in the hold-up of O. H. Stevens, was then brought into court and released on his own recognizance. His wife, his mother and his father put their arms around him and kissed him and wept over him. While he was in jail, Farrow's baby and his brother died.

Has Fine College Record.

R. E. Blodgett, of Columbia, who was awarded the Rhodes scholarship for Missouri, has the distinction of having served as a class officer each of the three years he has been in Missouri university. He is now in his junior year and would graduate in the academic course next spring. He has educated himself largely through his own efforts, saving money in order to earn enough money to pay his entrance fees in the university. He will leave in September for England, where he will enter Oxford university. While at Oxford he will travel on the continent during his vacations, and will receive an income of \$1,200 annually from the estate of Cecil Rhodes.

Chula Woman Whips a Man.

Considerable excitement was created in Chula, a town 11 miles north of Chillicothe, by a woman giving one of her neighbors a horsewhipping. Mrs. J. E. Fowler was the woman who used the lash, and William Gallatin was the man who was whipped. Mrs. Fowler and her husband, driving in a buggy, met Gallatin, and a quarrel resulted in Fowler holding Gallatin while his wife used the buggy whip on him. Gallatin swore out a warrant for Mrs. Fowler's arrest, and she pleaded guilty to assault and paid a fine.

Can't Live at Home.

Joseph Petsch, a Kansas City carpenter, has the unique distinction of being unable to live in his own home. Petsch alleged that his wife, her brother, Robert Drennen, and Kate Bennet had driven him from home, and he petitioned the court for an injunction to force them to let him live there. The injunction was refused.

Attempted Train Wrecking.

An attempt was made to wreck the Burlington Twin City express at a point north of Hannibal. Ties were placed on the track in three places, but fortunately the engineer saw the obstacles and stopped his train in time. A tramp was taken into custody at LAGRANGE, and taken to Quincy, Ill., pending an investigation.

Woman Held on Murder Charge.

The preliminary hearing of Mrs. Harry Quinton, charged with shooting her 16-year-old stepson, Johnnie, was held before Justice C. O. Saunders, at Bedford, and the defendant was bound over to the September term of the circuit court under \$1,500 bond. Harry Quinton, father of the boy, was exonerated.

A World's Fair Appointment.

Mr. Fred H. Rankin, superintendent of college extension of the University of Illinois, has been appointed secretary at the department of live stock at the World's fair. Mr. Rankin is also secretary of the Illinois Live Stock Breeders' association.

Railway Clerks Adopt New Title.

The National Order of Railway Clerks of the United States, Canada and Mexico, in convention in St. Louis, adopted the title of Brotherhood of Railway Clerks, by which name they will be known in the future.

Aged Man Disappears.

Henry Schelmeier, an aged and highly respected citizen of Norborne, has disappeared in St. Louis, and his relatives fear he has drowned himself in the Mississippi.

Street Car Kills Woman.

Mrs. Mary E. Burns, a widow, was fatally hurt by a street car in St. Louis. The motorman rang the bell, but she became bewildered and stepped directly in front.

Woman Killed by Lightning.

Mrs. Pearl Alspaugh, of Hinton, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. Her little daughter, standing near by, was rendered unconscious, but recovered.

Worry Caused Suicide.

Frederick Hoffman, a brewer, committed suicide in St. Louis by shooting himself through the heart. Financial troubles made him despondent.

Mulhall Shoots Three.

Zach Mulhall, the noted ranchman and live stock agent for the Frisco system, wounded three men in a fracas on the Pike at the World's fair.

PERDICARIS TELLS OF HIS TREATMENT

Captives of Raisuli Relate Experiences in Robber's Camp.

RAISULI POSES AS PATRIOT

Escapes From Prison After Serving a Four-Years' Term, and Turns Highwayman, for the Good of His Country.

Tangier, June 27.—Ion Perdicaris, the American who last week was released by the Brigand Raisuli, is much better, and gave an interview descriptive of the circumstances of his capture and of his experiences while a prisoner in Raisuli's camp.

He says that on the night of May 18 he had just entered the drawing room after dinner, and hearing a noise among the servants, he and Cromwell Varley, the British subject, who was also captured by Raisuli, went to investigate the cause. They were immediately surrounded by armed Moors who bound and maltreated them.

Varley resisted, and was struck on the head with the butt of a rifle and a knife was slashed across his hands, making serious wounds. At first it was thought Varley's skull had been fractured.

Perdicaris and Varley were then carried away on horseback. They were bound with ropes and roundabout roads were taken in order to avoid villages. The bandits stopped at Tsaradent, 24 hours from Tangier, and Raisuli allowed Perdicaris to write to his wife the next morning, and also to the sheriff of Wazan, asking them to intervene for himself and Varley.

Lived in a Filthy Hut.

At Tsaradent the captives lived in a filthy hut. They were not allowed to go over 100 yards away from it, and were strongly guarded. When the sheriff of Wazan arrived, a big tent was placed at the disposal of the prisoners, and in other ways the sheriff was the means of alleviating their condition to a considerable extent. The attitude of the Moors changed from insult to fair treatment.

Spies of the pretender who were in the camp all the time, tried to induce Varley to accept a post under the pretender.

Raisuli daily called and held long conversations with the prisoners. He said anarchy was reigning in the country. The animosity of the people, he said, was not directed against the sultan, but against the governors.

Raisuli's father, Perdicaris said, left him much property and cattle, which aroused the animosity of the Kaida, who induced Bashaw, by presents, to rob Raisuli of his belongings, and finally to imprison him for four years at Mogador.

On his release, Raisuli interviewed Mohammed El Torres, representative of the sultan at Tangier, concerning the restitution of his property, and this being without avail, Raisuli swore to take the law into his own hands, with the result already known. Raisuli said that he bore no ill will towards Europeans, but stated that the only way to bring the Moorish government to its sense was by capturing Europeans until the foreign powers awakened to a realization of the existing conditions.

Bandit Poses as Patriot.

Mr. Perdicaris said that Raisuli is posing as a patriot who wants to see the country happy and peaceful, and he is offering to accept the responsibility for maintaining the country from Tangier to Fez and clear it of robbery and crime if he is backed up by the powers. He found in Raisuli an educated and intellectual man.

The only time the prisoners were anxious was during the last two days when they were at Barabin, the village of Zelat, the governor of the Beni M'Sara tribe. When the exchange occurred over three hours was lost in the exchange of compliments. Raisuli refusing to talk business until the last moment, but apparently very suspicious of an attempt to capture him. When he received the money and the men turned over to him by the ransom party he hurried away toward his village.

Perdicaris and Varley immediately mounted horses and proceeded for Tangier, a journey of 16 hours.

During the interview, Perdicaris expressed gratitude to the English-speaking people for their sympathy during his captivity. Describing Raisuli further, he said he did not get the impression that he was a sordid man, but one who thoroughly understands the necessity for the maintenance of law and order. He exercises a great control over the people, and his followers display remarkable devotion to him. His followers are increasing continually. Raisuli organized the confederation of the Kabyles, in which for many years anarchy existed. His force now amounts to 6,000 men, armed with Mauser and Remington rifles.